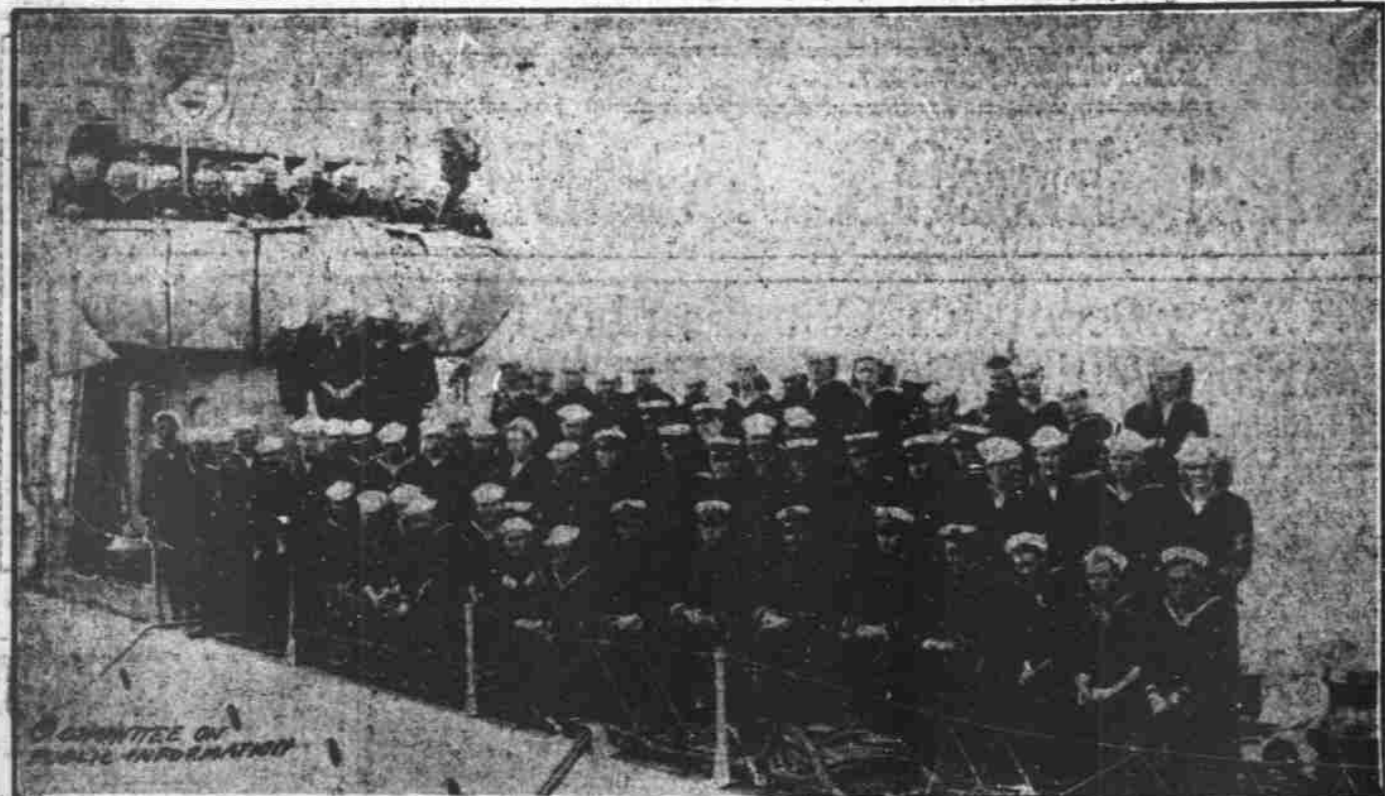
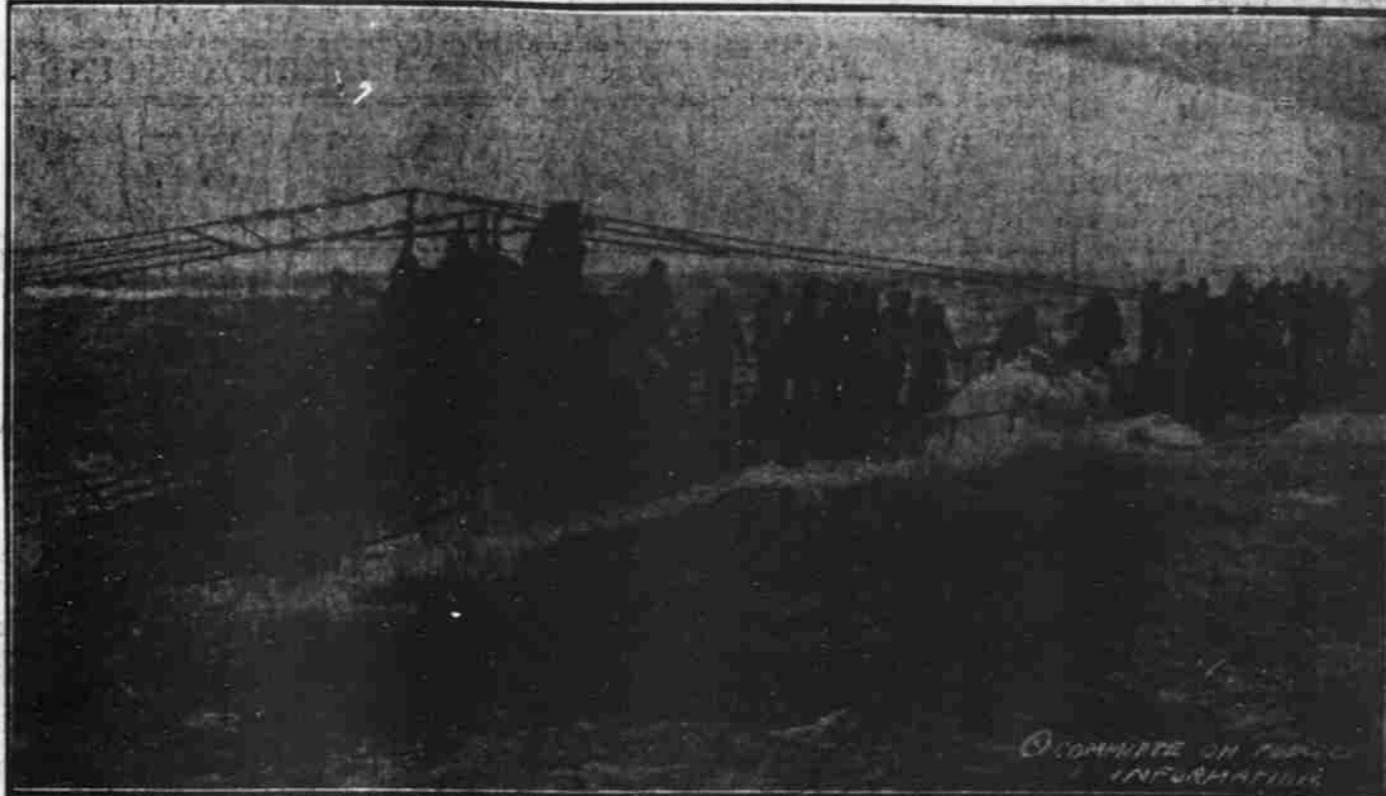


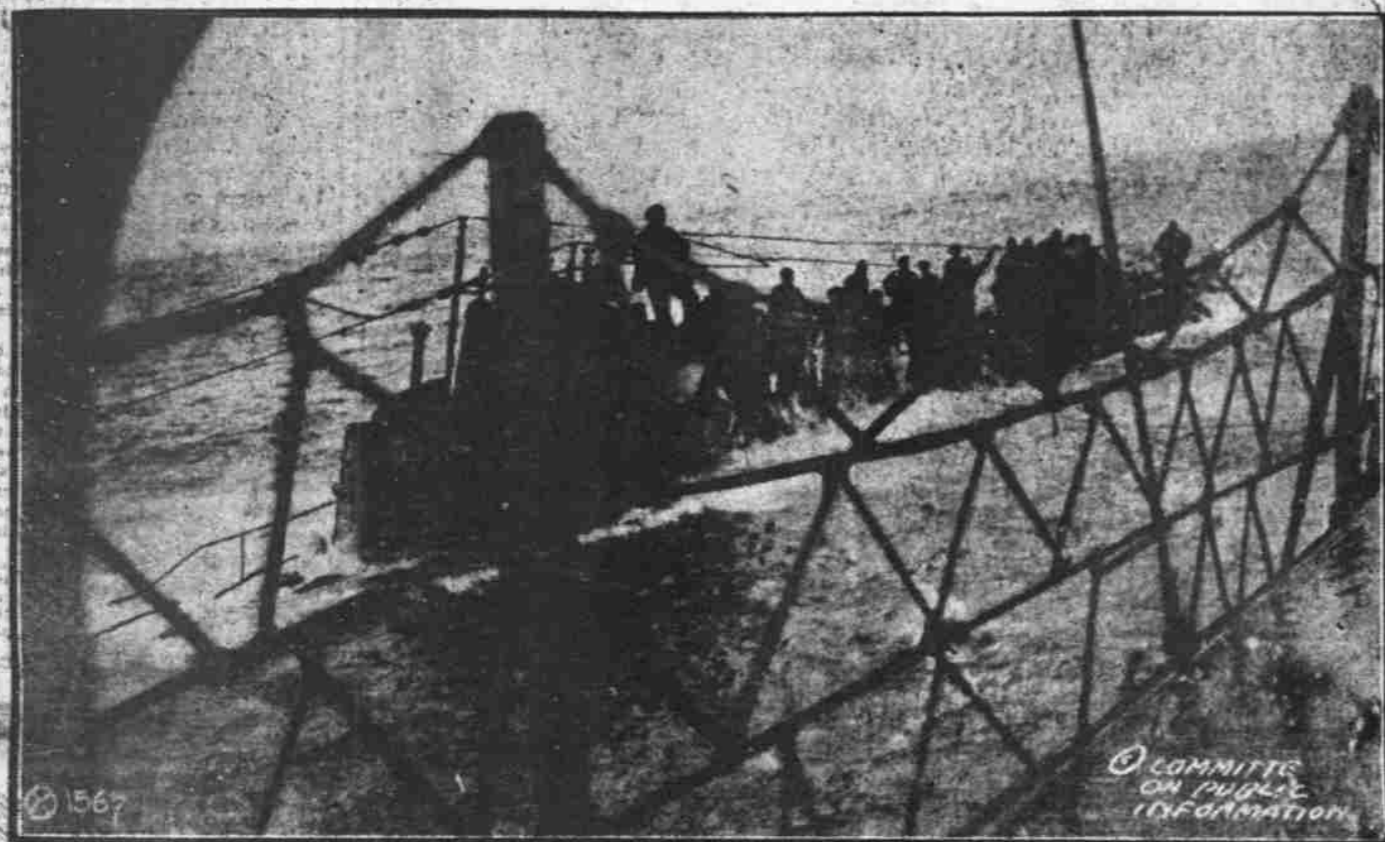
# First Photographs of Capture of German Submarine Prisoners By Americans



Here are the officers and crew of the U. S. destroyer Fanning, which captured the crew of submarine. Lieut. A. S. Garner is in the center of the group of officers.



The officers and crew of the U-boat, shouting "Kamerad" to the men on the destroyer Fanning, which took the Germans prisoner and sent the sub to the bottom.



This picture, taken from the deck of the Fanning, shows the submarine a few minutes before it sank. The lines in the foreground are the net railing on the destroyer.



A remarkable photograph, taken just as the submarine plunged beneath the waves. The men can be distinguished leaping over the side of the vessel.

## KAISER EMPWERS HERTLING TO MAKE PEACE WITH ALLIES

(Continued from First Page.)  
With the Kaiser's reported action in the Reichstag, received in Washington today, from Siegfried Bader, the German publisher and republican, in which he urges a German democracy as the only means of ending the war.  
"If you wish to wait until the civilized world treats with the Kaiser and his henchmen's gang for peace, you will have a long time yet to shed your blood and to suffer famine," he says. "You will be paying with your own flesh for the reorganization of the world-wide, for the regeneration of your own country."

## VORWAERTS TELLS OF INTERNAL DISSENSION

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 30.—The German Socialist organ Vorwaerts writes: "There is no further room for doubt, if ever any existed, that the new party takes its stand opposite to the Reichstag majority, not with a view to healing differences of opinion, but with the deliberate intention of sowing dissension."  
"The latest war cry uttered against Kuhlmann's Alcey Lorraine speech proves that the opposition of the new party will be equally directed against the government's foreign policy. A government, therefore, which permits such a party openly to pursue its ends becomes a laughing stock."  
"We personally have a very short answer for the new party: Where the true majority of the German people rests can not be proved by the utterances of a party press, subsidized and advertised by war-profiteering funds, but by organized demonstrations of 4,000 out of the 4,500,000 inhabitants of Greater Berlin. The fact of where the true majority rests will come out at the polls at the next general election, to which, in spite of all the national party's shrieking we look forward with the greatest confidence."

## SPECIAL NOTICES

**CAPITAL WANTED** to enlarge machine shop. For particulars write Box 118 Times.  
**PURSUANT** to Section 1, Article VIII of By-Laws, notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of The Capital Traction Company for the election of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, 20th and M streets N. W., Washington, D. C., on Wednesday, January 2, 1918, at 10:45 o'clock A. M. The polls will be open from 11 o'clock A. M. until 12 o'clock noon. H. D. CHAMPTON, Secretary.  
**THE SOCIETY OF EQUITY AND JUSTICE** offers the public their certificates of indebtedness at par with interest at 4 per cent per annum, payable or demand to enable them to operate depots for the sale of food and food at reduced prices to fathers, mothers, wives, daughters, sons, sisters and brothers of soldiers and sailors of the United States. For particulars address P. O. BOX 1118 St. Station.  
**MAKE** a specialty of preparing and acknowledging Income Tax returns after January first. LORENZO G. WARFIELD, Notary Public, 1114 M St. N. W., North and Street Building.  
**WIT ORGANIZERS** corporations ready to do business under Delaware or D. C. laws at lowest rates, for further particulars address THE CORPORATION AGENCY COMPANY, Washington, D. C.

## How Near Is Peace?

Here are moves reported today indicating the approach of peace: The Kaiser shifts to Chancellor Hertling the burden of conducting peace negotiations.  
Food shortages in Germany and Austria.  
Renewed peace pressure from neutrals as result of food shortages.  
Trotsky reiterates threat to make peace in ten days unless allies join parleys.  
Bolshevik power strengthened by Brest-Litovsk conference.  
Russia gets assurances Germany would leave fate of Alsace-Lorraine up to plebiscite.  
German re-enforcements to Turks pushed back.  
Virtual stalemate on other war fronts.

party will be equally directed against the government's foreign policy. A government, therefore, which permits such a party openly to pursue its ends becomes a laughing stock.  
"We personally have a very short answer for the new party: Where the true majority of the German people rests can not be proved by the utterances of a party press, subsidized and advertised by war-profiteering funds, but by organized demonstrations of 4,000 out of the 4,500,000 inhabitants of Greater Berlin. The fact of where the true majority rests will come out at the polls at the next general election, to which, in spite of all the national party's shrieking we look forward with the greatest confidence."

## RUSSIAN PEACE PLANS WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED BY U. S.

Russia will find it impossible to place officially before the United States any peace proposals.  
The State Department declares it could not accept such formally, and that, while Ambassador Francis might forward them "for the department's information," they could not be accepted as coming from a recognized government.  
Still another source of transmission for Russia, or for Germany if she seeks to put her terms before the committee, would be the neutrals caring for German interests.

## WASHINGTON HITS ZERO; COLDEST DAY IN LAST FIVE YEARS

(Continued from First Page.)  
One of the proudest mothers in Washington today is Mrs. George Fort, whose son, Lieut. George Fort, U. S. N., second in command on the United States destroyer Fanning, participated in the sinking of a German submarine. Although Mrs. Fort is confined to her bed with a slight illness, when she was told of her son's action she came to the phone to talk to a Times reporter.  
"I am mighty proud of my son," she said. "Tell me what he did all over again." And The Times reporter told her for the third time. Mrs. Fort seemed to be in a hurry. As soon as she was told the first half of the story of the daring submarine capture, and the participation of her son, she ran from the phone to tell the whole family, and then ran back again to get the other half of the story.  
**Little Sister Proud.**  
A little fair-haired girl about five years old pointed to a picture of a man in the uniform of the United States Navy.  
"That's my brother," she said proudly. "Are you going to put him in the paper?"  
"My, I'm glad. By brother George will be glad, too," said the little sister of Lieut. George Fort.  
Lieutenant Fort is second in command on the destroyer Fanning. He is the only Washington man who was among the crew. Fort lives with his parents, at 2817 Q street northwest.  
The story of the sinking of the U-boat by the American destroyers Fanning and Nicholson is detailed in an official report by Secretary Daniels.  
About 4:10 p. m. one afternoon, while escorting a convoy, the secretary's statement says, the lookout of the Fanning, Coxswain David D. Loomis, sighted a small periscope about a foot above water some distance off the port bow. The periscope was visible for only a few seconds. The destroyer immediately headed for the spot and three minutes after the periscope had been sighted dropped a depth charge. The Nicholson also speeded to the position of the submarine, which appeared to be heading toward a merchant vessel in the convoy, and dropped another depth charge.  
At that moment the conning tower of the U-boat came to the surface between the Nicholson and the Fanning. The Nicholson fired three shots from her stern gun. The bow of the submarine came up rapidly. She was down by the stern, but righted herself and seemed to increase her speed. As the Nicholson cleared, the Fanning headed for the U-boat, firing from the bow gun. After the third shot the crew of the submarine all came on deck and held up their hands. The submarine surrendering at 4:28 p. m.  
The Fanning approached the submarine to pick up the prisoners, both destroyers keeping their batteries trained on the boat. A line was got to the submarine, but in a few minutes she sank, the line was let go and the crew of the U-boat jumped into the water and swam to the Fanning.  
Although the crew all wore life preservers, a number of them were exhausted when they reached the side of the destroyer. As the submarine sank five or six men were caught by the radio aerial and carried below the surface before they disentangled themselves.  
**Men Exhausted.**  
Ten of the men were so weak that lines had to be passed under their arms to haul them aboard. One man was in such a condition that he could not even hold the line thrown him. Chief Pharmacist's Mate Sizer Harwell and Coxswain Francis J. Connor (N. Y.) jumped overboard after this man and secured a line under his arms. When he was hauled aboard every effort was made to resuscitate him, but he died in a few minutes. The four officers of the submarine and the thirty-five members of the crew were all taken prisoners.  
After being taken on board the prisoners were given hot coffee and sandwiches. Though kept under strict guard, they seemed contented, and after a short time commenced to sing. To make them comfortable the crew of the destroyer gave them their warm coats and heavy clothing.  
The German officers said the first depth charge had wrecked the machinery of the submarine and caused her to sink to a considerable depth.

## MOTHER GLAD SON HELPED IN SINKING OF FOE SUBMARINE

(Continued from First Page.)  
One of the proudest mothers in Washington today is Mrs. George Fort, whose son, Lieut. George Fort, U. S. N., second in command on the United States destroyer Fanning, participated in the sinking of a German submarine. Although Mrs. Fort is confined to her bed with a slight illness, when she was told of her son's action she came to the phone to talk to a Times reporter.  
"I am mighty proud of my son," she said. "Tell me what he did all over again." And The Times reporter told her for the third time. Mrs. Fort seemed to be in a hurry. As soon as she was told the first half of the story of the daring submarine capture, and the participation of her son, she ran from the phone to tell the whole family, and then ran back again to get the other half of the story.  
**Little Sister Proud.**  
A little fair-haired girl about five years old pointed to a picture of a man in the uniform of the United States Navy.  
"That's my brother," she said proudly. "Are you going to put him in the paper?"  
"My, I'm glad. By brother George will be glad, too," said the little sister of Lieut. George Fort.  
Lieutenant Fort is second in command on the destroyer Fanning. He is the only Washington man who was among the crew. Fort lives with his parents, at 2817 Q street northwest.  
The story of the sinking of the U-boat by the American destroyers Fanning and Nicholson is detailed in an official report by Secretary Daniels.  
About 4:10 p. m. one afternoon, while escorting a convoy, the secretary's statement says, the lookout of the Fanning, Coxswain David D. Loomis, sighted a small periscope about a foot above water some distance off the port bow. The periscope was visible for only a few seconds. The destroyer immediately headed for the spot and three minutes after the periscope had been sighted dropped a depth charge. The Nicholson also speeded to the position of the submarine, which appeared to be heading toward a merchant vessel in the convoy, and dropped another depth charge.  
At that moment the conning tower of the U-boat came to the surface between the Nicholson and the Fanning. The Nicholson fired three shots from her stern gun. The bow of the submarine came up rapidly. She was down by the stern, but righted herself and seemed to increase her speed. As the Nicholson cleared, the Fanning headed for the U-boat, firing from the bow gun. After the third shot the crew of the submarine all came on deck and held up their hands. The submarine surrendering at 4:28 p. m.  
The Fanning approached the submarine to pick up the prisoners, both destroyers keeping their batteries trained on the boat. A line was got to the submarine, but in a few minutes she sank, the line was let go and the crew of the U-boat jumped into the water and swam to the Fanning.  
Although the crew all wore life preservers, a number of them were exhausted when they reached the side of the destroyer. As the submarine sank five or six men were caught by the radio aerial and carried below the surface before they disentangled themselves.

## ENLIST YOUR CAMERA IN DEMOCRACY'S WAR

Let your camera lens go to war and do its bit.  
If you have a lens of the required type, it is very badly needed by the observers of the airplanes now being built, who will take photographs over the German lines.  
German lenses, formerly used on cameras for this work, can no longer be bought, and a serious situation has arisen. The Bureau of Standards is attempting to perfect a substitute, but until it can be produced you will do a patriotic duty by enlisting your

## TECH. STUDENTS MAY JOIN ENGINEER RESERVE

Regulations for enlistment of engineering students in the Engineer Reserve Corps were promulgated by General Crowder yesterday.  
The student must be pursuing a course at one of the technical institutions listed by the War Department, leading to a degree of civil, mining, electrical, mechanical, or chemical engineer, or an equivalent course. He must also have a scholastic standing which would place him about the first third, basing his marks on a ten year average of scholarship.

## IF YOU RECEIVED GIFTS OF CASH OR CHECKS ON NEW YEAR'S DAY, you can serve your Country and help yourself by buying

## WAR SAVINGS STAMPS AND THRIFT STAMPS

These War Savings Stamps, costing \$4.12 up to January 31, 1918, are redeemable by the United States Government in five years at \$5 each. The Thrift Stamps cost 25c each, and may be exchanged for Savings Stamps when 16 have been accumulated, plus 12c in cash. Both may be converted into 4% LIBERTY BONDS when the stamps saved amount to \$50.

For Sale in Our Liberty Loan Dept.  
1505 Penna. Ave., adjoining the Bank

## The Riggs National Bank

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

Capital and Surplus . . . . . \$3,000,000  
Resources, over . . . . . \$20,000,000

## DEATHS

**REISHELL**—Suddenly, on Friday, December 28, 1917, at 9 a. m., at Casualty Hospital, KATHLEEN HULL, wife of William Sheldon Reisshell, aged twenty years. Funeral from her late residence, 117 U street northwest, Monday, December 31, 11 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited.  
**ORRISON**—On Thursday, December 27, 1917, at 6 o'clock at Loudoun Hospital at Leesburg, Va., GEORGE A. ORRISON. Funeral at 2 o'clock, Sunday, December 30, at Union Cemetery, Leesburg, Va.  
**SMITH**—On Friday, December 28, 1917, at 2 p. m., at Garfield Hospital, WILHELMINE (nee Strickhardt), wife of James F. Smith. Funeral from her late residence, 312 Delaware avenue northwest, on Monday, December 31, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment in Prospect Hill cemetery.  
**UNDERTAKERS**  
J. WILLIAM LEE,  
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY,  
222 P St. N. W.  
Telephone M 100 WASHINGTON, D. C.  
**FLORAL DESIGNS**  
FUNERAL DESIGNS  
Of Every Description—Moderate Prices.  
GUDE,  
2214 P St. N. W.